

### STATE BOARD OF OPTOMETRY

2450 DEL PASO ROAD, SUITE 105, SACRAMENTO, CA 95834 P (916) 575-7170 F (916) 575-7292 www.optometry .ca.gov



# Continuing Education Course Approval Checklist

Title:
Provider Name:
<ul><li>☑Completed Application</li><li>Open to all Optometrists?</li><li>☑Yes</li><li>☐No</li><li>Maintain Record Agreement?</li><li>☑Yes</li><li>☐No</li></ul>
☑ Detailed Course Summary
☑ Detailed Course Outline
☑ PowerPoint and/or other Presentation Materials
☐ Advertising (optional)
<ul> <li>☑ License Verification for Each Course Instructor</li> <li>Disciplinary History? ☐ Yes ☑ No</li> </ul>



# **STATE BOARD OF OPTOMETRY**2450 DEL PASO ROAD, SUITE 105, SACRAMENTO, CA 95834 P (916) 575-7170 F (916) 575-7292 <u>www.optometry.ca.gov</u>



# CONTINUING EDUCATION COURSE APPROVAL APPLICATION

### \$50 Mandatory Fee

Pursuant to California Code of Regulations (CCR) § <u>1536</u>, the Board will approve continuing education (CE) courses after receiving the applicable fee, the requested information below and it has been determined that the course meets criteria specified in CCR § <u>1536(g)</u>.

In addition to the information requested below, please attach a copy of the course schedule, a detailed course outline and presentation materials (e.g., PowerPoint presentation). Applications must be submitted 45 days prior to the course presentation date.

Please type or print clearly.	
Course Title	Course Presentation Date
Diabetic Macular Edema Pearls, Updates from Protocol T and DRCRnet	09/17/2016
	Contact Information
Provider Name  -Wendy Friedma	an
(First)	Last) (Middle)
Provider Mailing Address	
Street 393 East Walnut St City Pasadena	State <u>СД</u> Zip <u>91188</u> _
Provider Email Address Wendy.L.Friedman@kp.org	g
Will the proposed course be open to all California license	ed optometrists? □ XYES □ NO
Do you agree to maintain and furnish to the Board and/o of course content and attendance as the Board requires, from the date of course presentation?	
	ctor Information
Please provide the information below and attach the curriculular of the reason of the course, please provide the	um vitae for <u>each</u> instructor or lecturer involved in the course.
Instructor Name	requested information on a separate sheet of paper.
_AnthonyJoseph,	MD
(First) (La	ast) (Middle)
License Number	License Type
Phone Number ( <u>617</u> ) <u>314-2611</u>	Email Address tonyjosepjhmd@gmail.com
I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the S this form and on any accompanying attachments submit Signature of Course Provider	
Signature of Course in Ovider	1 Form CE-01, Rev. 5/16



Professional Education 393 East Walnut Pasadena, California 91188 (626) 405-4644

Southern California Permanente Medical Groupring and Board Use Only Receipt # Payor ID Beneficiary ID | Amount

November 21, 2016

Dear California Board of Optometry,

This letter is to correct the missing application pieces for the 2016 Ophthalmology Symposium at the Disneyland Hotel on Saturday, September 17, 2016

#### Enclosed is

a check for \$300.00 a detailed summary of each course outlines for each course powerpoint slides – which can also be viewed on the website (link below)

### The reason the application was late

The delay was due to not knowing the status of one of our speakers (Nadia Waheed, MD) so the agenda wasn't finalized.

She was originally scheduled to speak twice in the morning but then she informed us she was asked to present at a different symposium on the same day in San Diego. We didn't know until very close to the symposium if she would have to cancel or would be able to switch to an afternoon slot or she would only speak once and have another colleague take her other slot. What was finally settled upon is she would switch to the afternoon slot and give the other slot away to her colleague.

Your letter requested a CV for Dr. Garrick Chak.

He was the chair of the committee and introduced the day and all the speakers – he didn't give any presentation.

Below is the link to our registration website that has more information and shows that Southern California Permanente Medical Group (accredited by the Institute for Medical Quality/California Medical Association (IMQ/CMA) to provide continuing medical education for physicians - and they have approved this symposium for 6.5 AMA PRA Category 1 Credit(s)<sup>TM</sup> https://www.signup4.net/public/ap.aspx?EID=PHYE530E&OID=50

I can email you soft copies (if you prefer) or if you need any more information, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

Wendy Friedman Meeting Planner

393 East Walnut, Pasadena, CA 91188

626) 405-4644

wendy.L.friedman@kp.org



Southern California Permanente Medical Group Professional Education 393 East Walnut Pasadena, California 91188 (626) 405-4644

August 15, 2016

Dear California Board of Optometry,

This letter is to request continuing education credits for the

2016 Ophthalmology Symposium at the Disneyland Hotel 1150 Magic Way, Anaheim, CA 92802

Saturday, September 17, 2016

Enclosed is a check for \$50.00

Below is the link to our registration website that has more information and shows that Southern California Permanente Medical Group (accredited by the Institute for Medical Quality/California Medical Association (IMQ/CMA) to provide continuing medical education for physicians – and they have approved this symposium for 6.5 AMA PRA Category 1 Credit(s)<sup>TM</sup>

https://www.signup4.net/public/ap.aspx?EID=PHYE530E&OID=50

If you need any more information, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

Wendy Friedman Meeting Planner 393 East Walnut

Pasadena, CA 91188

626) 405-4644

wendy.L.friedman@kp.org



# 33rd Annual Southern California Kaiser Ophthalmology Symposium **Disneyland Hotel** 1150 Magic Way, Anaheim, CA 92802

# Saturday, September 17, 2016

7:00 am – 7:45 am	Registration/Continental Breakfast
7:45 am – 8:00 am	Welcome/Opening Remarks Garrick Chak, MD Symposium Chair, Kaiser Permanente, West Los Angeles
8:00 am – 8:45 am	How to Avoid Being Burned by Pseudoexfoliation  Pratap Challa, MD V  Associate Professor of Ophthalmology, Duke Eye Center, Duke University
8:45 am – 9:30 am	Update on Diagnosis and Management of Challenging Cornea Cases Natalie Afshari, MD √ Professor of Ophthalmology, Shiley Eye Institute, UC San Diego
9:30 am — 9:45 am	BREAK
9:30 am - 11:30 am	TECHNICIAN BREAKOUT SESSION: Helpful Need-to-Know Facts Bobbi Ballenberg, COMT Clinical Manager, Jules Stein Eye Institute, UCLA
9:45 am – 10:30 am	ROCK Inhibitors and Glaucoma Pratap Challa, MD  Associate Professor of Ophthalmology, Duke Eye Center, Duke University
10:30 am -11:30 am	ROCK Inhibitors and Cornea Natalie Afshari, MD   Professor of Ophthalmology, Shiley Eye Institute, UC San Diego
11:30 am – 12:30 pm	LUNCH
12:30 pm – 1:15 pm	Select Innovations in Pediatric Retina Irena Tsui, MD  Assistant Professor of Ophthalmology, Jules Stein Eye Institute, UCLA
1:15 pm – 2:00 pm	Pearls for Scleral Fixated Intraocular Lenses Irena Tsui, MD Assistant Professor of Ophthalmology, Jules Stein Eye Institute, UCLA
2:00 pm – 2:15 pm	BREAK
2:15 pm – 3:00 pm	OCT Angiography Nadia Waheed, MD Associate Professor of Ophthalmology, New England Eye Center, Tufts
3:00 pm – 3:55 pm	Diabetic Macular Edema Pearls, Updates from Protocol T and DRCRnet Nadia Waheed, MD Associate Professor of Ophthalmology, New England Eye Center, Tufts
3:55 pm – 4:00 pm	Closing Remarks

2:20 pm - 3:05 pm

Diabetic Macular Edema Pearls, Updates from Protocol T and DRCRnet

SPEAKER: Nadia Waheed, MD

DETAILED SUMMARY: Diabetic retinopathy is a largely prevalent cause of blindness, and diabetic macular edema DME is characterized as the accumulation of fluid in the central part of the retina from leaking blood vessels. Ophthalmologists lack knowledge and awareness in the differing anti-VEGF therapies for DME they need to make educated decisions on the best treatment options and then know how to manage care of the disease.

OBJECTIVES - At the end of this activity, participants should be able to:

• Identify candidates for anti-VEGF treatment for diabetic macular edema, and develop individualize treatment plan for patient

#### TOPICAL OUTLINE

- 1. Intravitreal VEGF
  - a. Choices
- 2. DRCR Protocol T
  - a. Study Design Features
  - b. Results
- 3. Treatment for diabetic macular edema
  - a. DME treatment
  - b. Efficacy
    - c. Case studies
    - d. Outcomes
- 4. Summary

# Diabetic Macular Edema: Updates from Protocol T & DRCRnet

Anthony Joseph MD Ophthalmic Consultants of Boston

### **Disclosures**

None

# Acknowledgements

DRCR Network Protocol T Investigators Nadia K. Waheed MD, MPH

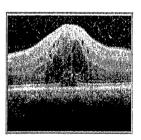
### Take Home Points

Aflibercept, bevacizumab, and ranibizumab are all effective

Protocol T shows advantage with aflibercept in eyes with worse vision

No difference in serious adverse events between 3 agents

Intravitreal steroids and laser may be used in eyes with sub-optimal response to VEGF inhibitors



# Intravitreal VEGF Blockade for DME How do you choose?

Aflibercept Ranibizumab \$1950 Bevacizumab

<sup>+</sup>1200

to new indians foother questions

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Aflibercept, Bevacizumab, or Ranibizumab for Diabetic Macular Edema

The Blubole Redespathy Choical Rewards Network?

### DRCR Protocol T Key Study Design Features

No anti-VEGF treatment withinpast 12 months orany other DME treatment in past 4 months

Snellen equivalentVA ≤ 20/32 and≥ 20/320

 $Repackaged be vacizum ab ({\it 1.25mg}\,dose)\,underwent\,sterility, purity,\,and\,potency\,testing$ 

Follow up q4weeks (± 1 week)

Retreat unless VA was 20/20 with no edema on OCT or no improvement or worsening in response to past 2 injections

Primary Outcome: change in BCVA at 1 year adjusted for baseline VA

# Pre-Planned Subgroup Analysis

Baseline visual acuity

Baseline OCT central subfield thickness

Results

### **Baseline Characteristics**

nga i tigan manga	Afiibarcapt (N = 224)	Bovacizumab (N = 218)	Ranibizumab (N = 218)
Age (years) – Medlan	61	63	59
Gender: Woman	49%	47%	43%
Race			
White	65%	64%	67%
Black/African American	14%	17%	17%
Hispanic	17%	17%	14%
Other	4%	3%	3%
Type 2 dlabetes	88%	94%	90%
Median HbA1c	7.6	7.7	7.8

## Ocular Baseline Characteristics

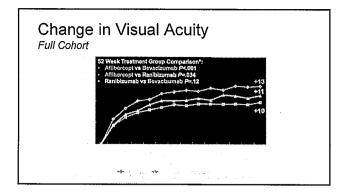
	Aflibercept (N = 224)	Bevacizumab (N = 218)	Ranibizumab (N = 218)
Mean visual aculty letter score (~Snellen Equivalent)	56 (20/80)	57 (20/80)	57 (20/80)
Mean OCT CST (µm)	387	376	390
Any Prior Focal/Grid Laser	36%	39%	37%
Any Prior Treatment with anti-VEGF	11%	14%	13%
Phakic	74%	73%	79%

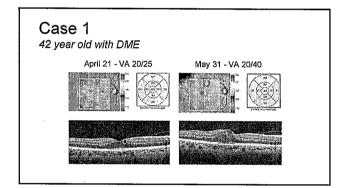
Treatment for Diabetic Macular Edema

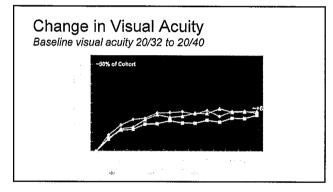
DME Treatment Through 1 Year: Anti-VEGF and Laser

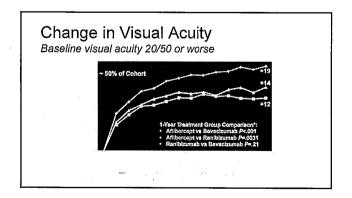
3.	Afilbercept N = 208	Bevacizumab N = 206	Ranibizuma N = 206	b <i>P-</i> Value
# of Injections (f	đax = 13)			
Mean	9.2	9.7	9.4	
Median (25 <sup>th</sup> , 75 <sup>th</sup> percentile)	9 (8, 11)	10 (8, 12)	10 (8, 11)	.0451
At least one focal/grid laser	37%	56%	46%	<.001‡

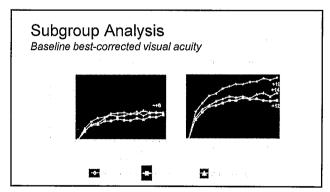
Efficacy

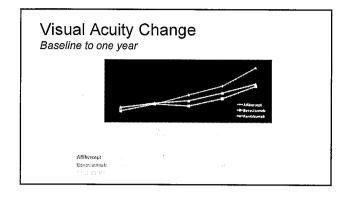


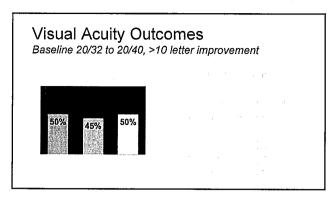


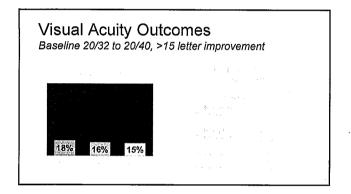


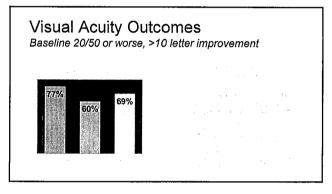


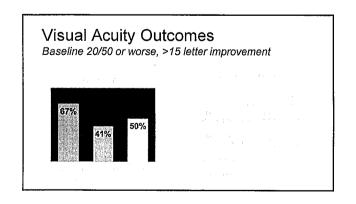


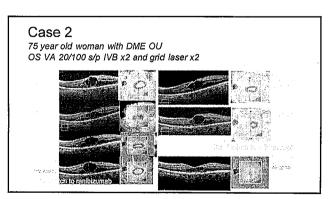






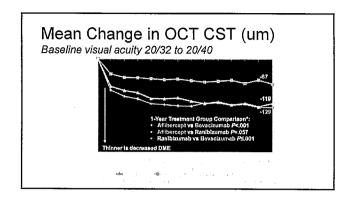






Mean Change in OCT CST (um)

1-Year Trestment Group Comparison\*:
- Affiltercept vs Bevectournab P-2001
- Affiltercept vs Brainbarnab P-2001
- Realiblarnab vs Bovectournab P-20001
- Affiltercept vs Realiblarnab vs Bovectournab P-20001
- Affiltercept vs Brainbarnab P-20001
- Affiltercept vs Brainbar



Mean Change in OCT CST (um)

Baseline visual acuity 20/50 or worse

1-Year Tredment Group Comperson:

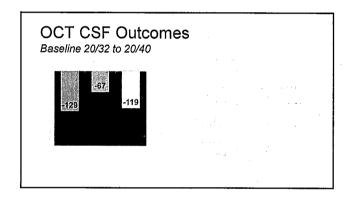
A fill-secretive Parablaumab F-20/01

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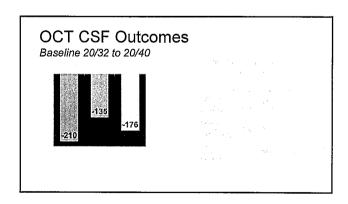
Althoroptive Parablaumab F-20/01

Tollner Is decreased DME

135



Visual Acuity Outcomes
Baseline 20/32 to 20/40, CSF < 250 um



Visual Acuity Outcomes
Baseline 20/50 or worse, CSF < 250 um

70
56

Safety

 Ocular Adverse Events Through 1

 Year
 Allibercept Bovacizumab (N = 216)
 Ranibizumab (N = 218)
 P- (N = 218)
 Value

 No. of Injections prior to 1 year Endophthalmits
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| Systemic Adverse Events | Pre-specified (per participant) through one year | Afliborcopt | Bevacizumab (N = 218) | Pre-specified (N = 224) | Pre-specified (N = 224) | Pre-specified (N = 218) | Pre-s

Post Hoc Analysis
Cardiovascular events through one year

Allbercept (H=224) Beveitzimab Renibirumab Guad Anglander (H=224) Reveitzimab (H=218) Renibirumab Guad Anglander (H=224) Reveitzimab Renibirumab Reveitzimab Renibirumab Renibirumab

Post Hoc Analysis

Cardiovascular events

	Affibercept (N = 224)	Bevacizumab (N = 218)	Ranibizumat (N = 218)
Any Cardiovascular Event			
Cardisc Events	6%	6%	11%
Cerebrovascular Events	O.	2%	5%
Peripheral Vascular Disease Events	<1%	<1%	<1%
Venous Disease Events	<1%	<1%	<1%
Hypertension Events	12%	7%	12%
Other Cardiovascular Events	3%	<1%	2%

Case 3
75 year old woman with DME
OD VA 20/200 s/p IVB x4, grid laser x2

### **DRCR Protocol T Conclusions**

All 3 anti-VEGF agents are effective treatments for DME.

When initial visual acuity loss is mild, on average there is little difference in visual acuity at 1-year.

At worse levels of initial visual acuity aflibercept is more effective at improving vision.

Serious adverse event, death, and hospitalization rates appeared similar among treatment groups.

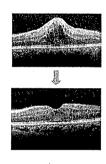
# Summary of Managing Diabetic Macular Edema

Aflibercept, bevacizumab, ranibizumab are all effective

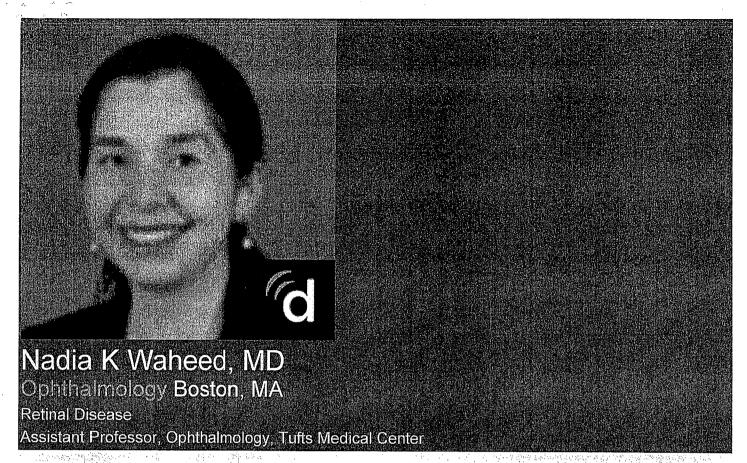
Protocol T shows advantage with aflibercept in eyes with worse vision

No differences in serious adverse events between 3 agents

Intravitreal steroids and laser may be used in eyes with sub-optimal response to VEGF inhibitors



Thank You



### Office Address

Tufts Medical Center
 800 Washington Street
 Boston, MA 02114

Phone:(617) 636-1648



### **Education & Training**

- Massachusetts Eye & Ear InfirmaryResidency
- Aga Khan Medical CollegeMedical School



### Certifications & Licensure

- MA State Medical License2004 2017
- OH State Medical LicenseActive through 2013

- NH State Medical LicenseActive through 2013
- American Board of OphthalmologyOphthalmology

Awards, Honors, & Recognition

CMS Meaningful Use Stage 1 CertificationeClinicalWorks EHR, eClinicalWorks LLC, 2013

Clinical Trials

• Eplerenone for Central Serous Chorioretinopathy: A Pilot StudyStart of enrollment: 2013 May 01Witkin, A.J., Waheed, N.K., Rogers, A.H., Baumal, C.R., Weber, M.L., Reichel, E., Duker, J.S.

Publications & Presentations

- PubMed
- Subretinal hyperreflective material imaged with optical coherence tomography angiography. Dansingani, K. K., Tan, A., Gilani, F., Phasukkijwatana, N., Novais, E., Querques, L., Waheed, N. K., Duker, J. S., Querques, G., Yannuzzi, L. A., Sarraf, D., Freund, K. B.; Am. J. Ophthalmol.. 2016 Jun 29.
- Three-Dimensional Enhanced Imaging of Vitreoretinal Interface in Diabetic Retinopathy Using Swept-Source Optical Coherence Tomography.Adhi, M.,Badaro, E.,Liu, J. J.,Kraus, M. F.,Baumal, C. R.,Witkin, A. J.,Hornegger, J.,Fujimoto, J. G.,Duker, J. S.,Waheed, N. K.; Am. J. Ophthalmol.. 2015 Nov 10.
- Choroidal neovascularization analyzed on ultra-high speed swept source optical coherence tomography angiography compared to spectral domain optical coherence tomograph...Novais, E. A.,Adhi, M.,Moult, E. M.,Louzada, R. N.,Cole, E. D.,Husvogt, L.,Lee, B.,Dang, S.,Regatieri, C. V.,Witkin, A. J.,Baumal, C. R.,Hornegger, J.,Jayaraman, V.,Fu...; Am. J. Ophthalmol.. 2016 Feb 07.
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### Press Mentions

- American Academy of OphthalmologyJune 2016
- Ophthalmic Surgery, Lasers and Imaging RetinaMay 2016
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# Hospital Affiliations

- Tufts Medical CenterBoston, MA
- Beverly HospitalBeverly, MA

- Brigham and Women's Faulkner HospitalBoston, MA
- Hallmark Health SystemMelrose, MA
- Mount Auburn HospitalCambridge, MA
- St. Elizabeth's Medical CenterBrighton, MA
- Winchester HospitalWinchester, MA